



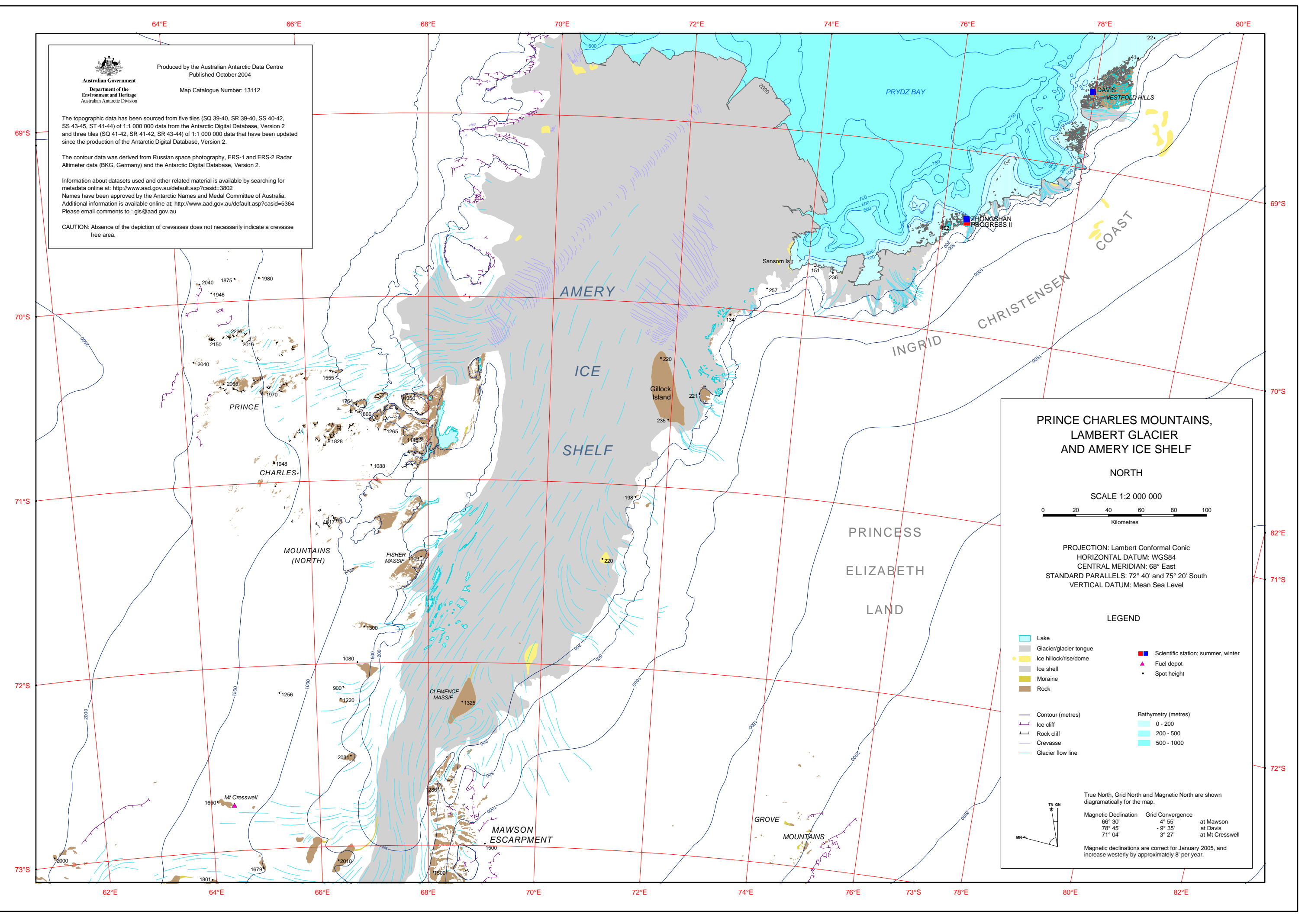
Produced by the Australian Antarctic Data Centre  
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The topographic data has been sourced from five tiles (SQ 39-40, SR 39-40, SS 40-42, SS 43-45, ST 41-44) of 1:1 000 000 data from the Antarctic Digital Database, Version 2 and three tiles (SQ 41-42, SR 41-42, SR 43-44) of 1:1 000 000 data that have been updated since the production of the Antarctic Digital Database, Version 2.

The contour data was derived from Russian space photography, ERS-1 and ERS-2 Radar Altimeter data (BKG, Germany) and the Antarctic Digital Database, Version 2.

Information about datasets used and other related material is available by searching for metadata online at: <http://www.aad.gov.au/default.asp?casid=3802>  
Names have been approved by the Antarctic Names and Medal Committee of Australia. Additional information is available online at: <http://www.aad.gov.au/default.asp?casid=5364>  
Please email comments to: [gjs@aad.gov.au](mailto:gjs@aad.gov.au)

CAUTION: Absence of the depiction of crevasses does not necessarily indicate a crevasse free area.



### PRINCE CHARLES MOUNTAINS, LAMBERT GLACIER AND AMERY ICE SHELF

NORTH

SCALE 1:2 000 000

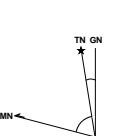


PROJECTION: Lambert Conformal Conic  
HORIZONTAL DATUM: WGS84  
CENTRAL MERIDIAN: 68° East  
STANDARD PARALLELS: 72° 40' and 75° 20' South  
VERTICAL DATUM: Mean Sea Level

#### LEGEND

- Lake
- Glacier/glacier tongue
- Ice hillock/rise/dome
- Ice shelf
- Moraine
- Rock
- Contour (metres)
- Ice cliff
- Rock cliff
- Crevasse
- Glacier flow line
- Scientific station; summer, winter
- Fuel depot
- Spot height

Bathymetry (metres)  
0 - 200  
200 - 500  
500 - 1000



True North, Grid North and Magnetic North are shown diagrammatically for the map.

Magnetic Declination	Grid Convergence	at Mawson
66° 30'	4° 55'	at Davis
78° 45'	-9° 35'	at Mt Cresswell
71° 04'	3° 27'	

Magnetic declinations are correct for January 2005, and increase westerly by approximately 8' per year.